

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Oriental Aromatics & Sons Limited

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oriental Aromatics & Sons Limited ("the Company"), which comprises of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income) for the year ended March 31, 2022, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The Other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexure to the Board report but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We are also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we
 are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal
 financial control system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue
 as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
 attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or if such
 disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit

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evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that individually or in aggregate makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work and (ii) To evaluate the effect of and identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- Pursuant to the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records.
 - (c) The Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Account) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representation received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on records by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as Directors in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure "B".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no remuneration was paid to its directors during the year.
 - (h) With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with the Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

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Place: Mumbai

Date: April 18, 2022

- i. The Company has no impact of pending litigations on its financial performance in its financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There are no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - (b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that the auditor has considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) above contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the financial year 2021-22. Accordingly, reporting under rule 11 (f) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.

For Lodha & Company Chartered Accountants Firm registration No.- 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

Membership No. 44101

UDIN:- 22044101AIBGCF1432

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Annexure "A" referred to in "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of Oriental Aromatics & Sons Limited for the year ended March 31, 2022:

(a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and right of use assets.
 (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and hence reporting under clause 3(i) (a)

(B) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) The Company has physically verified all its PPE during the year, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) During the year, the Company does not own any immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) and hence reporting under clause 3(i) (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both, during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(i) (d) of the Order is not applicable
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder and hence reporting under clause 3(i) (e) of the Order is not applicable.
- ii. (a) The Company does not hold any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs 5 crore, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3 (ii) (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iii According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties and hence reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not given any loans, made any investment and given any guarantee and security and hence reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- v. No deposits have been accepted by the Company within the meaning of directives issued by RBI (Reserve Bank of India) and Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and rules framed thereunder.
- vi. The Company is in the process of setting up of manufacturing unit and hence reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order in respect of maintenance of cost records is not applicable to the Company.
- vii (a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as at the last day of the financial year for a year of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the records of the Company, there are no dues as referred in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) and hence reporting under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. (a) The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender and hence reporting under clause 3(ix) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, during the year, the Company has not raised any short-term funds and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer (including debt instruments and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has made allotment of 48,00,000 equity shares at face value of Rs.10 per share through preferential allotment (right issue) to its Holding Company under Section 62 of the Act. The requirements of Section 62 of the Act, have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised other than those temporary invested in fixed deposits. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) under section 42 of the Act.
- xi (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any material instance of fraud by the Company or on the Company noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) During the year, no whistle-blower complaints have been received by the Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xi) (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections

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- 177 and 188 of the Act and all the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standard. [Refer Note 22 to the financial statements]
- xiv. Being an unlisted public Company having paid-up share capital not more than rupess fifty crores or turnover (income) not more than rupees two hundred crore or having no borrowings from banks or financial institutions at any point of time during the financial year or no deposits outstanding at any point of time during the financial year. Therefore, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Section 138 of the Act.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions prescribed under Section 192 of the Act with directors or persons connected with them during the year.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the "Companies in the Group" as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 86.63 lakhs in the financial year 2021-22 and in the immediately preceding financial year Rs. 2.64 lakhs.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and hence reporting under clause 3 (xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, based on the discussion with the Board of Directors and management plans, nothing has come to our attention that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of second proviso to subsection (5) of Section 135 of the Act in respect of transfer of unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act is not applicable and hence reporting under clause 3 (xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Place: Mumbai Date: April 18, 2022 MUMBAI-01) *

For Lodha & Company Chartered Accountants Firm registration No.- 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

Membership No. 44101

UDIN: - 22044101AIBGCF1432

CONTINUATION SHEET

Annexure "B" referred to in "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of The Oriental Aromatics & Sons Limited of even date:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Oriental Aromatics & Sons Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2)provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the entity are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the entity's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, broadly in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential Component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place: Mumbai Date: April 18, 2022 For Lodha & Company Chartered Accountants Firm registration No.- 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

Membership No. 44101

UDIN:- 22044101AIBGCF1432

| Particulars | Note | As at | As at |
|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| raticulais | No. | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| I ASSETS | | | |
| 1 Non-current Assets | | | |
| (a) Property, Plant and Equipment | 2 | 28.26 | 7. |
| (b) Capital work - in - progress | 2 | 405.27 | 20.1 |
| (c) Right of use assets - Lease | 3 | 413.50 | <u> </u> |
| (d) Deferred tax assets (net) | 19 | 18.75 | 4.3 |
| (e) Other non - current assets | 4 | 346.58 | 626.3 |
| Total Non-Current Assets | | 1,212.36 | 650.8 |
| 2 Current assets | | | |
| (a) Financial Assets: | | - 1 | |
| (i) Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 32.47 | 16.4 |
| (ii) Bank balances other than (i) above | 6 | 119.50 | 275.0 |
| (iii) Other current financial assets | 7 | 4 | 1.1 |
| (b) Current tax assets | | 1.57 | 1.0 |
| (c) Other current assets | 8 | 30.98 | 3.0 |
| Total Current Assets | | 184.52 | 296.6 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 1,396.88 | 947.5 |
| II EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| 1 Equity | | | |
| a) Equity share capital | 9 | 1,440.00 | 960.0 |
| b) Other equity | 10 | (101.47) | (23.4 |
| Total Equity | | 1,338.53 | 936.5 |
| 2 Liabilities | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial Liabilities | | | |
| (i)Other Financial Liabilities | 12 | 11.86 | |
| Total Non Current Liabilities | | 11.86 | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| (a) Financial liabilities | | | |
| Trade payables | 11 | | |
| (A)Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small | | | |
| enterprises; | | 2 | - |
| (B)Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro | | | |
| enterprises and small enterprises | | 7.36 | 7.1 |
| (ii)Other financial liabilities | 12 | 31.37 | 147 |
| (b) Other current liabilities | 13 | 3.79 | 3.8 |
| (c) Provisions | 14 | 3.98 | • |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 46.50 | 10.9 |
| Total Liabilities | | 58.36 | 10.9 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 1,396.88 | 947.5 |
| Significant accounting policies and accompanying notes form an | _ | 2,330.00 | 543.5 |
| integral part of financial statements | 1-31 | | |
| As per our attached Report of even date | | | |

For Lodha & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

Dharmil A. Bodani

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Managing Director DIN: 00618333

Girish Khandelwal

Chief Financial Officer

Shyamal A. Bodani

Director DIN: 00617950

Kiranpreet Gill Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai

Date: 18th April, 2022

|Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March 2022

'All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

| | Particulars | Note | For the Year ended | For the Year ended |
|------|---|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | No. | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| 1 | Income | | | |
| | Other Income | 15 | 5.93 | 9.17 |
| | Total Income | | 5.93 | 9.17 |
| II | Expenses | | | |
| | Employee benefits expense | 16 | 49.42 | 8.79 |
| | Finance cost | 17 | 0.07 | 0.00 |
| | Depreciation and amortization expense | 18 | 5.80 | - |
| | Other expenses | 18 | 43.06 | 3.02 |
| | Total expenses | | 98.35 | 11.81 |
| Ш | Loss before tax | | (92.42) | (2.64 |
| IV | Tax expense | 19 | | |
| | Current tax | | (E) | (#) |
| | Deferred tax charge/(credit) | | (14.41) | (0.41 |
| V | Loss for the year | | (78.01) | (2.23 |
| VI | Other Comprehensive Income | | - | - |
| VII | Total Comprehensive Income for the year (V + VI) | | (78.01) | (2.23 |
| /111 | Earnings per equity share of Rs. 10 each | 21 | N. | |
| | Basic & Diluted | | (0.70) | (0.03 |
| 2000 | ificant accounting policies and accompanying notes form an integral part of ncial statements | 1-31 | | |

As per our attached Report of even date

For Lodha & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April, 2022

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Dharmil A. Bodani

Managing Director

DIN: 00618333

Girish Khandelwal

Chief Financial Officer

Shyamal A. Bodani

Director

DIN: 00617950

Kiranpreet Gill

ORIENTAL AROMATICS & SONS LIMITED Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

| Particulars | Particulars | | For the Year ended | For the Year ended |
|---|---|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | No. | 31st March, 2022 | 31st March, 2021 |
| \) Cash Flow from Operating Acti | vities | | | |
| Net Loss before Tax | | | (92.42) | (2.64 |
| Adjustments for: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | 5.80 | - |
| Interest and Other Finance Cost | | | 0.07 | 0.00 |
| Interest Income | | | (5.93) | (9.17) |
| Operating loss before Working | Capital Changes | | (92.49) | (11.81 |
| Adjustments for: | | | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Trade & | Other Receivables | | 111.78 | (79.01) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Pa | yables & Provisions | | 4.16 | 10.45 |
| Cash generated from Operating | Activities | | 23.44 | (80.37) |
| Direct Taxes (Paid) Net of Refun | d Received | | (0.54) | (0.76) |
| Net Cash from Operating Activi | ties (A) | | 22.90 | (81.13) |
| B) Cash Flow from Investing Activ | ties | | | 1157 - 3 |
| Purchase of property, plant and | equipment | | (375.91) | 150 |
| Increase in Capital work in prog | ress | | (413.50) | (20.17) |
| Increase in Capital Advances | | | 295.53 | (626.36) |
| Interest Received | | | 7.11 | 8.20 |
| Net Cash (used in)/from Investi | ng Activities (B) | | (486.78) | (638.33) |
| C) Cash Flow from Financing Activ | ities | | 8 3 | |
| Proceeds from Issue of equity sh | nares | | 480.00 | 360.00 |
| Interest and Other Financial Cos | t | | (0.07) | (0.00) |
| Net Cash (used in)/from Financ | ing Activities (C) | | 479.93 | 360.00 |
| Net increase in cash and cash e | quivalents (A + B + C) | | 16.05 | (359.46) |
| Cash & cash equivalents at begin | nning of the year | 5 | 16.43 | 375.89 |
| Cash & cash equivalents at end | 2억, [20] 실어구의 2010년 2010년 기계 전 전 10 전 2010년 | 5 | 32.47 | 16.43 |
| Significant accounting policies a | and accompanying notes form an | 1 21 | | |
| integral part of financial statem As per our attached report of e | | 1-31 | | |

ered Accou

For Lodha & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April, 2022

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Dharmil A. Bodani

Managing Director

DIN: 00618333

Girish Khandelwal

Chief Financial Officer

Shyamal A. Bodani

Director

DIN: 00617950

Kiranpreet Gill

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

| Particulars | Note No. | Amount |
|--|----------|----------|
| As at 31st March 2020 | | 600.00 |
| Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors | | .5 |
| Restated Balance as at 31st March 2020 | | 600.00 |
| Issue of Equity Share Capital | 9 | 360.00 |
| As at 31st March 2021 | | 960.00 |
| Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors | | - |
| Restated Balance as at 31st March 2021 | | 960.00 |
| Issue of Equity Share Capital | 9 | 480.00 |
| As at 31st March 2022 | | 1,440.00 |

OTHER EQUITY

| Particulars | Note No. | Retained Earnings |
|--|----------|--------------------------|
| Balance as at 31st March, 2020 | | (21.24) |
| Loss for the year | | (2.23) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2021 | | (23.47) |
| Balance as at 1st April, 2021 | | (23.47) |
| Loss for the year | | (78.01) |
| Balance as at 31st March, 2022 | | (101.47) |
| Significant accounting policies and accompanying notes form an integral part of financial statements | 1-31 | |

As per our attached Report of even date

For Lodha & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 301051E

R. P. Baradiya

Partner

MUMBAI-01)

ered Accou

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April, 2022

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Dharmil A. Bodani

Managing Director

DIN: 00618333

Girish Khandelwal

Chief Financial Officer

Shyamal A. Bodani

Director

DIN: 00617950

Kiranpreet Gill

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

1 STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES:

I. Background and Operations

Oriental Aromatics & Sons Limited is a Public limited company and based at Mumbai, Maharashtra, India. It is incorporated under Companies Act, 2013 and is wholly own subsidiary of Oriental Aromatics Limited. The primary objective of the Company is to engage in business of manufacturing Fine chemicals i.e. camphor, perfumery & specialty aroma chemicals.

The Company has acquired lease land from MIDC at Mahad, Maharashtra for setting up its manufacturing facility. (Refer note no.3)

The Standalone Financial Statements have been approved by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 18th April, 2022.

II. Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except certain financial assets and liabilities that is measured at fair value.

(iii) Current non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle (twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

(b) Use of estimates and judgments

The estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

(c) Capital Work-in-progress

Property, Plant and Equipment which are not ready for intended use on the date of balance sheet are disclosed as capital work-in-progress. It is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Such properties are classified and capitalised to the appropriate categories of Property, Plant and Equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for intended use.

Expenditure incurred during developmental and preliminary stages of the Company's new projects, are carried forward. However, if any project is abandoned, the expenditure relevant to such project is written off through the natural heads of expenses in the year in which it is so abandoned.



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

(e) Contract balances:

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e. only a passage of time is required to before payment of the consideration is due). Trade receivables are recognised at the value of sales less allowance for bad and doubtful debts and expected credit loss.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the company transfer goods and services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due, whichever is earlier. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the company performs under the contract.

(f) Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- * those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through the Statement of Profit and Loss), and
- * those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(ii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value . Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through the Statement of Profit and Loss are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Debt instruments:

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

* Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

- * Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment losses, interest revenue which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to the Statement of Profit and Loss and recognised in other income/expense. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- * Fair value through profit and loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments:

The company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company's financial liabilities includes trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative instruments.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at using EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(g) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts, option contract and cross currency swap, to hedge its foreign currency risks are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period when they arise.



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

(h) | Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events.

(i) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company recognizes revenue, whenever control over distinct goods or services is transferred to the customer; i.e. when the customer is able to direct the use of the transferred goods or services and obtains substantially all of the remaining benefits, provided a contract with enforceable rights and obligations exists and amongst others collectability of consideration is probable taking into account customer's creditworthiness.

Revenue is the transaction price the Company expects to be entitled to. In determining the transaction price, the Company considers effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing contracts, noncash consideration and consideration payable to the customer, if any. The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which the transaction price needs to be allocated.

Sale of goods -

Revenues are recognized at a point in time when control of the goods passes to the buyer, usually upon either at the time of dispatch or delivery. In case of export sale, it is usually recognised based on the shipped-on board date as per bill of lading. Revenue from sale of goods is net of taxes and recovery of charges collected from customers like transport, packing etc.

Other operating revenue - Export incentives -

Export Incentives under the, "Duty Draw back Scheme", etc. is accounted in the year of export.

Other Income

Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive dividend is established.

Interest income is recognized on a time proportionate basis taking into account the amounts invested and the rate of interest. For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the Effective interest rate method to the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

(j) Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the financial statement. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related deferred income tax assets is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are off set where the company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

(k) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- -the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- -the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(I) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method where by the profit before tax is adjusted for the effect of the transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past and future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated

(m) Exceptional Items

When an item of income or expense within profit or loss from ordinary activity is of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the Company for the year, the nature and amount of such items is disclosed as exceptional items.

(n) Dividend

The Company recognizes a liability to pay dividend when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company i.e. when the dividend distribution is being approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognized directly in equity.



| 2 | Dronorty | Plant and | Equipment |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------|

| Particulars | Plant & Equipment | Office Equipment | Furniture & Fixtures | Computers | Total | Capital Work-In Progress |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | 20.17 |
| As at 31st March 2021 | | | - | * | 1675 | 20.17 |
| Additions | 0.08 | 2.66 | 20.75 | 6.91 | 30.40 | 385.10 |
| Disposals/Adjustment | - | | 2 | | | - |
| As at 31st March 2022 | 0.08 | 2.66 | 20.75 | 6.91 | 30.40 | 405.27 |
| Accumulated Depreciation : | | | | | | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | | | 8 | - 1 | | 383 |
| Depreciation charge for the year | 0.01 | 0.22 | 1.10 | 0.81 | 2.14 | (50) |
| Disposals/Adjustment | - | | | - | | - 2 |
| As at 31st March 2022 | 0.01 | 0.22 | 1.10 | 0.81 | 2.14 | - |
| Net Carrying Amount : | | | | | | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | = | - | - | 1777 P | • | 20.17 |
| As at 31st March 2022 | 0.07 | 2.44 | 19.65 | 6.10 | 28.26 | 405.27 |

| Particulars | Plant & Equipment | Office Equipment | Furniture & Fixtures | Computers | Total | Capital Work-In Progress |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Gross Carrying Amount | | | | | | |
| As at 31st March 2020 | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | * | 353 | 3 | 20.17 |
| Disposals | | | • | • | - | - |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | • | | • | | 20.17 |
| Accumulated Depreciation : | | | | | | |
| As at 31st March 2020 | | | - | 327 | - | |
| Depreciation charge for the year | - | 2 | | 1.0 | | |
| Disposals | - | - | 880 | - | 7 | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | - | | - | - | |
| Net Carrying Amount : | | | | | | |
| As at 31st March 2020 | 120 | 1- |). * .(| 5 0 (| 170 | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | | - | 1.2 | * | 47 | 20.17 |

Notes:

A. For information on Capital Commitment, refer to note number - 22

B. Following is the break-up and ageing of Capital work in progress:

| | | As at 31st March, |
|------------------|---|---|
| Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2022 |
| | | 880.02 |
| 258.37 | | 258.37 |
| 33.82 | 920 | 33.82 |
| project: | | |
| 71.25 | 20.17 | 91.42 |
| 21.66 | | 21.66 |
| 385.10 | 20.17 | 405.27 |
| | | As at 31st March, |
| Less than 1 year | 1-2 years | 2021 |
| | | |
| 20.17 | P | 20.17 |
| 20.17 | | 20.17 |
| | 258.37 33.82 project: 71.25 21.66 385.10 Less than 1 year | 258.37 - 33.82 - 20.17 21.66 - 385.10 20.17 Less than 1 year 1-2 years 20.17 - 20.17 |



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

3 Right of use - Lease

| Particulars | Lease-Land | Total |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------|
| Gross Carrying Amount / Deemed Cost | | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | - |
| Additions | 417.16 | 417.16 |
| As at 31st March 2022 | 417.16 | 417.16 |
| Accumulated Amortisation | | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | (m) |
| Amortisation charge for the year | 3.66 | 3.66 |
| As at 31st March 2022 | 3.66 | 3.66 |
| Net Carrying Amount | | |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | |
| As at 31st March 2022 | 413.50 | 413.50 |

| Particulars | Lease-Land | Total |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------|
| Gross Carrying Amount / Deemed Cost | | |
| As at 31st March 2020 | - | 97 |
| Additions | - | - |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | |
| Accumulated Amortisation | | |
| As at 31st March 2020 | - | 15 |
| Amortisation charge for the year | - | 12 |
| As at 31st March 2021 | - | - |
| Net Carrying Amount | | |
| As at 31st March 2020 | - | 7 |
| As at 31st March 2021 | | ¥ |

Notes:

A. Lease hold Land - lease period is 95 years beginning from May 2021



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

| 1 | Otl | her | non | current | assets |
|---|-----|-----|-----|---------|--------|
| | | | | | |

| Other non-eartern | As at | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| (Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated) Capital Advances | 330.83 | 626.36 |
| Security Deposits | 15.75 | ٠ |
| Total | 346.58 | 626.36 |

5 Cash and cash equivalents

| Cash and cash equivalents | As a | As at | |
|---|-----------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Balances with Banks - In current accounts | 32.47 | 16.43 | |
| Total | 32.47 | 16.43 | |

6 Other Bank Balances

| Other Bank Balances | As at | |
|---|-----------------|-------------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| Margin Money Accounts Term deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months | 19.50 100.00 | - 275.00 |
| Total | 119.50 | 275.00 |

7 Other financial assets - Current

| Other Imaricial assets - current | As | As at | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits | | 1.18 | |
| Total | • | 1.18 | |

8 Other current assets

| Other current assets | As at | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| Balances with Goods and Service tax authorities | 30.64 | 3.00 |
| Advances to Staff | 0.05 | |
| Prepaid expenses | 0.29 | |
| Total | 30.98 | 3.00 |



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

Faulty Share capital

| Equity Share capital | As a | t |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| Authorised Equity shares As at 31st March,2022 - 25,000,000 no. of shares at ₹ 10 each. | 2,500.00 | 2,500.00 |
| As at 31st March,2021 - 25,000,000 no. of shares at ₹ 10 each. | 2,500.00 | 2,500.00 |
| Issued, subscribed and fully paid up Equity shares As at 31st March,2022 - 1,44,00,000 no. of shares at ₹ 10 each. | 1,440.00 | 960.00 |
| As at 31st March, 2021 - 9,600,000 no. of shares at ₹ 10 each. | | |

b) Rights of Equity Shareholders

Total

i. The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.

960.00

1,440.00

ii. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

iii.In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

c) Reconciliation of number of shares

| Reconciliation of number of shares | 24 84 22 | 31-Mar-21 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-IVIGI-21 |
| Equity Shares : | 96,00,000 | 60,00,000 |
| Balance as at the beginning of the year | 48,00,000 | 36,00,000 |
| Add: Shares issued during the year | | 96,00,000 |
| Balance as at the end of the year | 1,44,00,000 | 96,00,000 |

d) Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Oriental Aromatics Limited | 1,44,00,000 | 96,00,000 |
| Holding Company and promoter | 100.00% | 100.00% |

The Company has not issued bonus shares/bought back shares/issued shares for consideration other than cash since incorporation of the Company.



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

10 Other Equity

| Other Equity | As a | As at | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | | |
| A. Summary of Other Equity balance. Retained Earnings Loss during the period | (23.47) (78.01) | (21.24) (2.23) | | |
| Total | (101.47) | (23.47) | | |

B. Nature and purpose of reserves

Retained Earnings: Retained earnings are the profits/losses that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserve, dividends or other distribution paid to shareholder.

12 Non Current Financial Liabilities - Others

| | As at | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Payable towards Capital Expenditure | 11.86 | 1 | |
| Total | 11.86 | | |

11 Trade payables

| Trade payables | As a | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises* Due to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises* | 7.36 | 7.12 |
| Total | 7.36 | 7.12 |

*balances as at March 31, 2022 and as at March 31, 2021 are not due for payment

The details of amounts outstanding to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), based on the available information with the Company are as under:

| 1) Principal amount remaining unpaid | - | - |
|---|----|------|
| 2) Interest due on above and the unpaid interest | ~ | |
| 3) Interest paid | - | • |
| 4) Payment made beyond the appointed day during the year | 2 | - |
| 5) Interest due and payable for the period of delay | - | 100 |
| 6) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid | * | 1150 |
| 7) Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in succeeding years | 7. | 12 |

12 Other financial liabilities

| | As at | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Towards Capital Expenditure | 31.37 | - | |
| Total | 31.37 | | |

13 Other Current liabilities

| Other Current habilities | As at | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Particulars | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
| Statutory Dues | 3.79 | 3.85 |
| Total | 3.79 | 3.85 |



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

15 Other income

| Particulars | For the Year ended | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Interest Income on fixed deposits Interest on Income Tax refund | 5.92 | 9.17 | |
| | 0.02 | 2 | |
| Total | 5.93 | 9.17 | |

16 Employee benefits expense

| Particulars | For the Year ended | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Salaries and wages | 40.34 | 8.19 | |
| Contribution to provident funds and other funds | 5.11 | 0.59 | |
| Defined benefit plan expense | 3.98 | 0.55 | |
| Total | 49.42 | 8.79 | |

17 Finance cost

| Particulars | For the Year ended | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Other borrowing costs | 0.07 | 0.00 | |
| Total | 0.07 | 0.00 | |

18 Depreciation and amortization expense

| Particulars | For the Year ended | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment | 2.14 | - | |
| Amortization on Right to use - leases | 3.66 | - | |
| Total | 5.80 | - | |

18 Other expenses

| Particulars | For the Year ended | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 | |
| Rent | 1.08 | - | |
| Rates and Taxes | 2.87 | - | |
| Auditors' Remuneration* | 1.00 | 0.50 | |
| Legal and Professional Expenses | 3.63 | 0.92 | |
| Travelling Expenses | 7.36 | 1.20 | |
| Water Charges | 5.58 | - | |
| Electricity Charges | 4.94 | | |
| Security Expenses | 5.75 | | |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | 10.85 | 0.41 | |
| Total | 43.06 | 3.02 | |

| Particulars | 0 0 | 31-Mar-22 | 31-Mar-21 |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| - Audit Fees | ★ (MUMBAI-01) ★ | 1.00 | 0.50 |
| Total | 13 | 1.00 | 0.50 |

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

19 Income Taxes

A. Tax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

| Particulars | 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Current tax | | |
| Deferred income tax | (14.41) | (0.41) |
| Total income tax expense/(credit) | (14.41) | (0.41) |

B. A reconciliation of the income tax expense to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit before income taxes is summarized below:

| Reconciliation of effective tax rate | 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Loss before tax | (92.42) | (2.64) |
| Enacted income tax rate in India* | 15.60% | 15.60% |
| Computed Expected Tax Expense Fax Expense Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss | (14.42) | (0.41) |
| | (14.42) | (0.41) |
| Total income tax expense/(credit) | (14.42) | (0.41) |

C. Movement in Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2022 .

| Particulars | As at 1st April, 2021 | (Credit)/charge in Statement of Profit and Loss | As at 31st March, 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Expenses allowable for tax purposes | (2.56) | 65.07 | 62.51 |
| Carry forward Loss | (1.78) | (79.48) | (81.26) |
| Deferred Tax Liability/(Asset) | (4.34) | (14.41) | (18.75) |

Movement in Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2021:

| Particulars | As at 1st April, 2020 | (Credit)/charge in Statement of Profit and Loss | Ac at |
|---|--------------------------|---|--------|
| Expenses allowable for tax purposes when paid | (3.41) | 0.85 | (2.56) |
| Carry forward Loss | (0.51) | (1.27) | (1.78) |
| Deferred Tax Liability/(Asset) | (3.92) | (0.41) | (4.34) |



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

20 Fair Value measurement

Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.

For financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at 31st March'2022

| Particulars | Non Current | Current | Total | Routed through P & L | Routed through OCI | Carrying at amortised cost | At Cost | Total |
|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------|
| Financial Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents | 12 | 32.47 | 32.47 | - | - | 32.47 | - | 32.47 |
| Other Bank Balance | | 119.50 | 119.50 | ¥. | - 2 | 119.50 | 1.00 | 119.50 |
| Other Current financial assets | - | | - | 2 | - | 12 | 12 | |
| | 5.00 | 151.98 | 151.98 | • | | 151.98 | - | 151.98 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Other Financial Liabilities | 343 | 31.37 | 31.37 | | | 31.37 | 953 | 31.37 |
| Trade Payables | (4) | 7.36 | 7.36 | | 1 | 7.36 | - | 7.36 |
| | | 38.73 | 38.73 | | | 38.73 | | 38.73 |

Financial Assets and Liabilities as at 31st March'2021

| Particulars | Non Current | Current | Total | Routed through P & L | Routed through OCI | Carrying at amortised cost | At Cost | Total |
|---|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------|
| Financial Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash equivalents | - | 16.43 | 16.43 | | - | 16.43 | (4) | 16.43 |
| Other Bank Balance | | 275.00 | 275.00 | | - | 275.00 | - | 275.00 |
| Other Current financial Assets | | 1.18 | 1.18 | | | 1.18 | | 1.18 |
| | - | 292.61 | 292.61 | | | 292.61 | | 292.61 |
| <u>Financial Liabilities</u> Other Financial Liabilities Trade Payables | 1 | 7.12 7.12 | 7.12 7.12 | | * 5 | 7.12 | - | 7.12 |
| | - | 7.12 | 7.12 | • | | 7.12 | | 7.12 |

Financial risk management objectives and policy

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Managing Board. The Risk management policies mainly aims to mitigate the following risks i.e. Market Risk, Credit risk and Liquidity risk. The company has not yet commenced the commercial operation. The Company's Financial assets mainly have cash and cash equivalents lying with the Banks and financial liabilities have trade payables which are in short term in nature. Accordingly, it does not carry any significant market risk relating to Financial assets and liabilities.



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

21 Earnings per share

| Particulars | 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
|---|-------------|-----------|
| Earnings Per Share has been computed as under: | | |
| Loss for the year | (78.01) | (2.23) |
| Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding (in Numbers) | 1,12,17,534 | 64,83,288 |
| Basic and diluted Earnings Per Share | (0.70) | (0.03) |
| (Face value of ₹ 10 per share) | | |

22 Capital Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognized as liabilities is as follows:

| | As at | As at 31st March 2020 | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--|
| Particulars | 31st March 2021 | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 482.73 | 626.36 | |
| Less: Capital advances | (330.83) | (626.36) | |
| Net Capital commitments | 151.90 | - | |

23 Related Parties Disclosure

Parties where control exists

Holding Company: Oriental Aromatics Limited

Fellow Subsidiary: PT. Oriental Aromatics, Indonesia. (Proposed to be Liquidated)

Key Managerial Personnels (KMP)
Dharmil A. Bodani- Managing Director
Girish Khandelwal-Chief Financial Officer
Kiranpreet Gill-Company Secretary

During the year, the following transactions were carried out with the above related parties in the ordinary course of business and ou balances as on March 31. 2022

Disclosure in respect of material transaction with related parties

| | | Oriental Aromatics Limited | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sr No | Particulars | For the year ended 31 March 2022 | Balances as At 31st March, 2022 | For the year ended 31 March 2021 | Balances as At 31st March, 2021 | | | |
| 1 | Reimbursement of Expenses / Payable | 45.25 | | 6.67 | 2 | | | |

Notes:

- a) Related party relationship is as identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors.
- b) No amounts in respect of related parties have been written off/ written back during the year and no provision has been made for doubtful debts/ receivable except as disclosed above

24 Relationship with Struck Off companies

The Company has not entered into transaction with struck off companies under Section 248 of the Act.

25 There are no pending Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond statutory period.



Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2022

(All amounts are in ₹ Lakh, unless stated otherwise)

26 Details of Benami Property held

No proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

- 27 The Company has no borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- 28 The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

29 Ratios*

| 2021-22 | 2020-21 |
|----------|--|
| 3.97 | 27.04 |
| 184.52 | 296.64 |
| 46.50 | 10.97 |
| (0.07) | (0.00) |
| (92.35) | (2.64) |
| 1,350.38 | 936.53 |
| | 3.97 184.52 46.50 (0.07) (92.35) |

^{*}The Company is in the process of setting up of manufacturing unit and hence yet to commence operations. Therefore, ratio computed to the extent applicable

- 30 In compliance with Ministry of Corporate Affairs notification with respect to amendment in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 effe April 1, 2021, figures for comparative previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary.
- 31 a) The previous year's figures have been re-grouped / re-classified wherever required to conform to current year's classification. All figure financials has been rounded off to nearest lakhs rupees.

Signatures to Notes 1 to 31 which form an integral part of the financial statement.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mumbai

Date: 18th April, 2022

Dharmil A. Bodani Managing Director

DIN:00618333

Girish Khandelwal Chief Financial Officer Shyamal A. Bodani

Director

DIN: 00617850

Kiranpreet Gill

